

# THE ALLIANCE HERALD

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THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1914

The Republican party in Congress has reached the point where it has almost ceased to be even a party of opposition. Some of its members voted for the Democratic Tariff Bill; many more voted for the Democratic Currency Bill; there were only a few scattering votes against two of the Democratic trust measures, and upon the third trust bill the Republicans could not muster enough strength to demand a roll call in the House.

The poet used to say that there "is ever a song somewhere." Just so, but what is music to one person may be agony to another, so widely do tastes differ. The sweetest music to some folks is the ring of the dollar, and that to others is the shriek of some factory whistle, or the roar of a passing train. But all the same there is song somewhere, in fact it is everywhere, and if only we would listen with attentive ear we would hear it.

A tract of 2,580 acres, near St. Charles, Mo., said to be the largest wheat farm in that state, has been sold by Wm. R. Baldwin, of Delavan, Ill., to L. M. Fairbanks, of Mansfield, Ill., brother of the ex-Vice President. The price was \$250,000. Baldwin bought the land 19 years ago for about \$55,000.

This news paragraph is sadly out of tune with the calamity howls and soup house clamor of Congressman Humphrey, of Washington, ex-speaker Joe Cannon and other stand-pat republicans who are preaching and praying for hard times.

The American National Bank, of San Francisco, in commenting on the investment situation, says:

"A broader demand for high-grade securities has developed and prices have advanced, though not yet to the levels that prevailed four or five years ago.

"Individual deposits in the banks are the highest on record. The return to normal conditions, financially, is a most gratifying factor in the situation, and will enable the banks more easily to adjust themselves to the changes necessitated by the introduction of the Federal reserve system.

"Confidence is daily increasing."

The attitude of the Ulster Volunteers and of the National Volunteers towards each other in Ireland seems to be that of one being afraid and the other not liking to. What a blessing it will be if that attitude is continued until parliament finds some way out on the home rule question. That home rule is certain no one can question, but what is needed is the whole of Ireland in harmony with itself and working together for the country's good. Such a condition will last a long time, for good sense and love of country will ultimately dispel the hostility and suspicion that now unhappily exists in some quarters. The end would easily be reached if scheming politicians would only get out of the way.

Remember that letter of thanks which T. R. wrote to Senator Boies Penrose after the election of 1908, when the colonel carried Pennsylvania by an overwhelming majority? Let us forget, here it is:

"My Dear Senator Penrose: Upon my word! Of all phenomenal returns, the Pennsylvania returns are the most phenomenal! I congratulate and cordially thank you. Faithfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The "My Dear Senator Penrose" whom the colonel so cordially thanked and to whom he recorded himself so "faithfully" is the same wicked Boies whom he is now endeavoring to defeat for the Senate. More power to you, colonel, in this respect, but don't forget, "Faithfully yours, T. R."

## SAD, VERY SAD

Day in, day out he moans and sighs  
And shakes his head in doubt;  
His sorrow he can not disguise,  
The country's down and out.

The workman is on the bum;  
It surely is a crime  
To make a fellow-being glum—  
They work him overtime.

And lo, the humble farmer swears,  
His lot is worse by far;  
It takes two loads of wheat to buy  
A 1915 car.

The railroads are in dire distress;  
Ah, brethren, it is tough!  
For in dejection they confess  
They haven't cars enough.

The bankers, too, are stricken sore;  
When harvest time begins,  
With one accord they raise a roar,  
And build more money bins.

Small wonder that this patriot  
Should be so heavy-souled;  
A pesky Democrat has got  
The job he used to hold.

—W. Kee Maxwell, Peoria Journal.

A record corn crop is in sight. This fact alone spells the finish of the fake efforts of the republican partisans to spread a feeling of panic through the commerce of the land.

The big crop means fat cattle and hogs, and fat cattle and hogs mean millions in cash in the pockets of the farmers. Ample cash in the pockets of the farmers means liberal buying from the merchants. Liberal buying from the merchants means heavy ordering by the merchants from the jobbing houses. Heavy ordering from the jobbing houses means big contracts placed with the manufacturers by the jobbing houses. Big contracts placed with the manufacturers mean full time plant operation. Banks, railroads, labor, builders and the professions share. Nothing can stop the logical results of a good corn crop.

Henry Ford, the multi-millionaire automobile manufacturer whose rise in the business world is one of the most remarkable achievements of American genius and whose ten million dollar profit sharing plan has made him a national character, recently visited the White House and had a conference with President Wilson.

Here is what Mr. Ford said about present business conditions: "I believe, and I think practically every other business man believes, that most of the evils aimed at in the president's program exist and ought to be obviated. I am convinced that it would be for the best interests of the country to pass anti-trust legislation. I think it would have a settling effect and would aid in bringing on the extra prosperity to which the country is entitled. I hope Congress will finish the work before it adjourns.

"There is absolutely nothing wrong with business. The only trouble is that some people seem pessimistic. If everyone would only cheer up and attend to his business this calamity talk would stop immediately.

"My own business is fifty per cent better than it was last year!"

Mr. Ford also told the president that he saw no evidence of any sort of business depression, psychologically or otherwise, and that in his opinion business was getting better all the time.

## A CIVILIZING INFLUENCE

Apropos of the mention made elsewhere in this issue of The Herald regarding the good work done in Nebraska by G. A. Perkins, representative of the American Bible Society, who visited Alliance last week, and referring again to the statistics given in the last issue showing the magnitude of the work of the A. B. S. throughout the world, publishing the Bible in more than a hundred different languages, we wish to call attention to the wholesome influence this great work will probably have upon the nations of the world in the years to come.

It is said that in China and some other heathen countries more interest is shown in the reading of the book, after it has been sold or given away, than is ordinarily manifested in this country. For many years past American statesmen have been apprehensive of what may happen in this old world when the hordes of Chinese and other oriental countries become sufficiently civilized and educated to take advantage and make use of latest inventions of war and modern systems of industry. The "Yellow Peril" looms up large in spite of assumed optimism regarding it. It will not be surprising if, in years to come, it shall be found that the work of the American Bible Society has done much to solve problems that could not have been settled in any other way. Whatever may be the creed, people who have a fair understanding of the teachings of the "Books of Books" and endeavor to conform their lives thereto, are good citizens, regardless of the color of their skin or nationality.

## THE STRIKE QUESTION

The Herald has been furnished a copy of a folder on "The Strike Question," containing a statement to the public on the impending strike of locomotive engineers, firemen and hostlers on practically all western railroads. The pamphlet is issued by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen for the express purpose of placing before the public information concerning the causes of the strike. The pamphlet contains information that the public ought to have, and would be glad to publish the entire contents in this issue if I could. That is not practicable now, as it would occupy three pages or more of the paper, solid reading matter.

However, I will give a list of the topics discussed in the pamphlet and a summary of the causes leading to the strike, if one occurs. To an appalling extent metropolitan newspapers are openly or covertly against the laboring men when a contest is on affecting their relations to capitalistic interests. To be sure, editors and reporters ply the working men with honeyed words to get into their good graces, but too often, when it comes to the pinch, the influence of the big papers is against

the men who earn their daily bread by the sweat of their brows.

I cannot remember of ever seeing a dog fight when my sympathy was not with the under dog. This is not a dog fight but the same principle applies to it. There never was a time in my life when I did not prefer to take sides with the oppressed in any contest affecting their rights. The man who depends upon his daily wage for his living is at a great disadvantage in a controversy with persons who have at their command unlimited resources to draw upon to secure "influence" where it will be most effective. For this reason, I desire all the more to make the best possible use of any means that may be at my command to champion the cause of the common herd.

But for all that The Herald is not a railroad fighter. I remember the time when railroad officials and attorneys became so domineering in Nebraska politics that a revulsion took place. Railroad haters came to the front in some places. There were some who argued that if a measure was "against the railroads" it was in the interests of the people. I do not think that way. I want to see the railroads and all other legitimate business prosper; but if a cut must be made in the revenues and operating expenses, let the dividends on "watered stock" be cut out; let the princely salaries of the high officials be reduced and let the useless lackeys who toady to them for "sap" be dispensed with. Let this be done, and in my humble opinion it will not be necessary to raise transportation rates or keep down to the lowest possible point the wages of train men, station men, shop men, section men and others who do the hard work.

## The Strike Question

The pamphlet issued by the B. of L. E. and the B. of L. F. & E. should be read, if possible, by people generally, patrons of the railroads as well as by railroad employees. It contains a large amount of information that the public ought to have.

Following are some of the topics discussed by persons who know just what they are writing about:

Decline in Labor Costs; railroads pay less to labor now than in former years.

Produce More but Earn Less; increased productive efficiency and harder work for firemen and engineers on Great Northern.

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway; increased operating costs not due to engine crews.

Work Harder, Produce More and Earn Less; effect on firemen and engineers on Union Pacific railroad.

Firemen and Engineers Cost the Burlington Less; ratio of cost of engineers and firemen decreasing rapidly.

Stock Bonuses on Representative Western Railroads; \$250,000,000 given away in ten years. (This topic and the next two are of vital interest to railroad patrons as well as employees.)

Fictitious Securities of the Santa Fe; \$240,000,000, or 40 per cent of capitalization "watered." Significant bearing of this situation upon firemen and engineers.

The Plight of the Railroads; the cause of the railroads' financial difficulties.

Why Engineers, Firemen and Hostlers Decline to Arbitrate; railroads repudiate arbitration awards. Labor union officials assert that railroads have not acted fairly. Arbitrations not binding, only moral obligations on railroad companies.

Cause of the Impending Strike; enginemen's committee state their contentions to the public.

A Brief History of the Negotiations; differences of opinion between committees of managers and employees.

Resume of Causes for a Strike Briefly stated, the facts relating to the cause for the anticipated strike are as follows:

(1) In October of 1913, committees representing all locomotive engineers, firemen and hostlers on western railroads presented a request to their respective managements for an increase in wages and improved working conditions, accompanying such request with the usual notice, required by existing schedules, that within thirty days the schedules would be opened for these revisions.

(2) Immediately the railroad managements served notice on the enginemen's committees that all existing schedules would be terminated within thirty days, thus, for the first time in the history of railway wage negotiations, taking from railway employees schedules that had required more than thirty years, in many instances, to build up.

(3) The railroads then proposed that a "service period" be substituted for the mileage basis of pay, a basis long in effect on practically all railroads. Negotiations between committees representing the railroads and the enginemen culminated in both of these committees submitting revised proposals, the railroads insisting upon a modified form of their "service period" and the enginemen insisting upon retaining the mileage basis of pay and allowance for extra work as in the past.

(4) Upon submitting the matter to the engineers, firemen and hostlers employed on western railroads it was learned that by an almost unanimous vote the proposition of the

managers was rejected and a strike approved.

(5) Upon the supposition that the Federal Board of Mediation and Conciliation will propose arbitration, as directed in the present Federal law, the enginemen will necessarily reject any proposition to arbitrate, because in all recent arbitrations railroads have repudiated arbitration awards and have not been bound thereby.

## Personal Items

El'ott Strand returned Saturday morning from Lincoln.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Kish returned from Deadwood Monday morning.

Mrs. Ed Strand and son Malone returned Monday from Lockwood.

Mo., where they have been visiting her mother for the past two months.

Two furnished rooms for rent, 127 Yellowstone. Mrs. D. D. LEWIS. 331f3792

The W. C. T. U. meets this afternoon with Mrs. J. A. Keegan at her home east of Alliance.

Mr. and Mrs. Vio Shafer returned the first of the week from a visit with relatives in Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hamilton of Lincoln are visiting in Alliance at the home of H. A. Hamilton.

County Attorney Eugene Burton returned Wednesday from Scottsbluff, where he went Sunday.

Miss Florence Albee returned to Alliance Wednesday after a two weeks' stay with friends at Whitman.

F. S. Barne, general chairman of the B. of R. T., was in Alliance Monday attending a meeting of the order.

Miss Rose Bell of Greeley, Colo., returned to her home Monday after a two weeks' stay at the home of W. S. Acheson.

Mrs. Rose McInroy and son Earl left Alliance Wednesday afternoon for Theford, Nebr., where they expect to make their home.

Harold Bearden, accompanied by his mother and sister, left Monday for an extended visit in Chicago and various points in Wisconsin.

Mr. Chas. Raser of Council Bluffs, Iowa, departed for his home Tuesday, after several weeks visit with his daughter, Mrs. P. F. Schott.

Mrs. Lillian Dudding of Topeka, Kansas, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Johnson of Alliance. Mrs. Johnson expects to leave within a few days with Mrs. Dudding for Little Bear, Wyo., where they will visit with Mrs. Dudding's mother.

W. C. English, of Chadron, agent for the Guarantee Fund Life Association of Omaha, was in Alliance Tuesday between trains, while on his way to the North Platte valley. Mr. English reports a very successful year so far in his line of business.

Mrs. W. L. Vernon and daughter, Miss Bertie, are just back from Rapid City, So. Dak., where Miss Vernon spent two weeks on an outing in company with ten other young ladies who were her former schoolmates. Mrs. Vernon spent a week at Rapid City.

Miss Ada Hawkins entertained at a theatre party Monday evening, at the Empress. After the show the party were given refreshments at Thiele's drug store. The young ladies in the party were Misses Ruth Rice, Nell Shrewsbury, Mae Barnes, Hattie Renswold, Eva Duncan, Elva Hamilton, Mabel Worley, and Mrs. Axel Johnson.

## Baby Girl Born

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Gordon, of Seneca, Nebr., at the home of her mother, in Denver, Tuesday morning, a baby girl.

## NASHVILLE STUDENTS

Coy Henderson's Original Nashville Students Tabloid Minstrels will give one performance in Alliance at the Pheasant Opera House, Wednesday night, July 29. The Nashville Students need no introduction to Alliance audiences having performed here several times in past years to the entire satisfaction of play-going people. They give a band parade and concert at noon and a concert in the evening before the performance. Prices 25, 50 and 75 cents. Seats on sale Monday morning. 33-11-3808

Only a "V" piece is all it will cost candidates to have their announcements published in this paper. If a photo cut is wanted or an extended notice, there will be a small additional charge.

## Political Cards



**TO THE REPUBLICAN VOTERS OF THE TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT:**  
As a candidate for State Senator I respectfully solicit your support at the primaries August 18th.  
EARL D. MALLERY.

## FOR COUNTY JUDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Judge of Box Butte County, subject to the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held Tuesday, August 18, 1914.

SMITH P. TUTTLE.  
29-aug18-3709

## ANNOUNCEMENT

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for county superintendent of schools on the Republican ticket at the primaries on August 18th. I have been connected with the Alliance schools for six years as eighth grade teacher. Your support is respectfully solicited.

MAME J. WHITE.  
28-aug18

## CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF OF GARDEN COUNTY

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Garden County, subject to the will of the Democratic voters at the coming primary on August 18th.

B. MEWHIRTER.  
28-aug18-3680

## FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce my candidacy for the nomination for the office of County Treasurer of Box Butte county on the Republican ticket, subject to the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held Tuesday, August 18, 1914.

C. E. MARKS.  
29-aug18-3710

## CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF OF GARDEN COUNTY

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Garden County, subject to the will of the Democratic voters at the coming primary on August 18th.

B. MEWHIRTER.  
28-aug18-3680

## FOR COUNTY JUDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of County Judge of Box Butte County, subject to the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held Tuesday, August 18, 1914.

SMITH P. TUTTLE.  
29-to Aug18-3709

## FOR COMMISSIONER OF GARDEN COUNTY

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Garden county, subject to the decision of the Republican electors at the coming August primaries. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to look after the duties of this important office in a businesslike and economical manner and will accept the old salary of four dollars per day and mileage. I have been a resident in Blue Creek precinct for twenty-six years.

Respectfully,  
ROSCOE VANCE.  
30-to aug18-3722

## FOR COUNTY JUDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election to the office of County Judge of Box Butte county, subject to the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held Tuesday, August 18, 1914.

L. A. BERRY.  
30to-aug18-3739

22 Years in Schools of Kansas and Nebraska. Principal Central School, Alliance

G. M. Burns

Candidate for Republican Nomination to office of Superintendent Box Butte County at Primary Election, Aug. 18, 1914.

## COUNTY SURVEYOR

No name will be printed on your primary ballot as candidate for Surveyor of Box Butte county. Write your choice in the proper blank space and make an X.

J. P. HAZARD will thank you for such a compliment and if elected will perform the duties of the office in strict accord with the principles of your political party—wet or dry! 33aug18-3802

## FO COUNTY COMMISSIONER

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for the office of county commissioner of Box Butte county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primary on August 18, 1914.

S. C. RECK.  
33aug18-3804

## FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY

EUGENE BURTON, Candidate for County Attorney, Democratic ticket, Primary Aug. 18, 1914.

33aug18-3803



## FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for County Treasurer of Box Butte county for re-election on the Democratic ticket, at the primary, August 18, 1914.

E. M. MARTIN.  
33aug18-3798

## WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

The Herald is not an extremist on the woman's suffrage question. We do not believe that with the adoption of woman's suffrage the millennium will immediately dawn, or that, on the other hand, the social institutions of our beloved country will be disrupted and the nation take a straight shoot for the demitien bow-wows. We believe, however, that to base the right of the elective franchise upon intelligence and a probable interest in the common welfare would be better than to make it depend upon the chance of sex in birth; and we can give a reason for our belief.

Two things that are most needed for the reform of American politics are greater intelligence of those who have the privilege of voting and a deeper regard for what is fair and right. We firmly believe that to extend the right of suffrage to women will raise the standard of intelligence and improve the conscience of the electorate.

That the woman suffrage amendment to the constitution is destined to be adopted is the conclusion of persons who have made an unbiased study of the situation. As it seems to The Herald, the wise thing for the Democratic party to do is to put itself in a position to receive it, and not in the attitude, as a party, of fighting it upon its advent into the arena of Nebraska politics.

## IS MIKE NOTORIOUS?

Of general principles The Herald is opposed to the use of epithets in making an uncomplimentary mention of any one, although it is sometimes necessary to use adjectives in such cases in order to express the meaning intended to be conveyed. We prefer, however, as a rule, when practically to do so, to simply state facts plainly and let our readers apply such terms as they may choose.

In a recent issue of this paper, the editor referred to the Hon. M. F. Harrington as "the notorious Mike Harrington." We are always willing to back up if inadvertently we make a mistake in the expression of an opinion in any way, but in this case we cannot do so, as we are still of the opinion that the Honorable Mike has shown himself quite notorious, at least in the "Big Sixth" congressional district of Nebraska. We will, however, make a little explanation and let our readers judge for themselves: Notorious means "widely known, usually unfavorable in sense." We mention three counts, which combined we think will be sufficient to justify the use of the word notorious: (1) Harrington's tirade in the democratic state convention at Grand Island, July 26, 1910, when the rabble on the outskirts of the crowd, joined by some of the rabble acting as delegates, including a part of the Box Butte county delegation, hooted and jeered as the name of William J. Bryan was mentioned in denunciation. (2) Claiming to be a "progressive" democrat before the democratic national convention at Baltimore in 1912, Harrington claimed to favor the nomination of Woodrow Wilson as the most progressive of the presidential candidates. After Wilson's nomination, Harrington bolted. (3) After the nominations had all been made in the campaign of 1912, Harrington claiming to be an adherent of the new progressive party, bolted the nominee of that party and made an unfair fight against W. J. Taylor, a true-blue progressive democrat, and in order to secure the re-election of a standpat republican to congress.

We leave it to our readers, is Mike notorious?

WATCH FOR THE DATE OF THE OPENING OF THE NEW MILLINERY STORE.—MRS. ZEHRUNG.